

Numbers An Epic Biblical Camping Trip



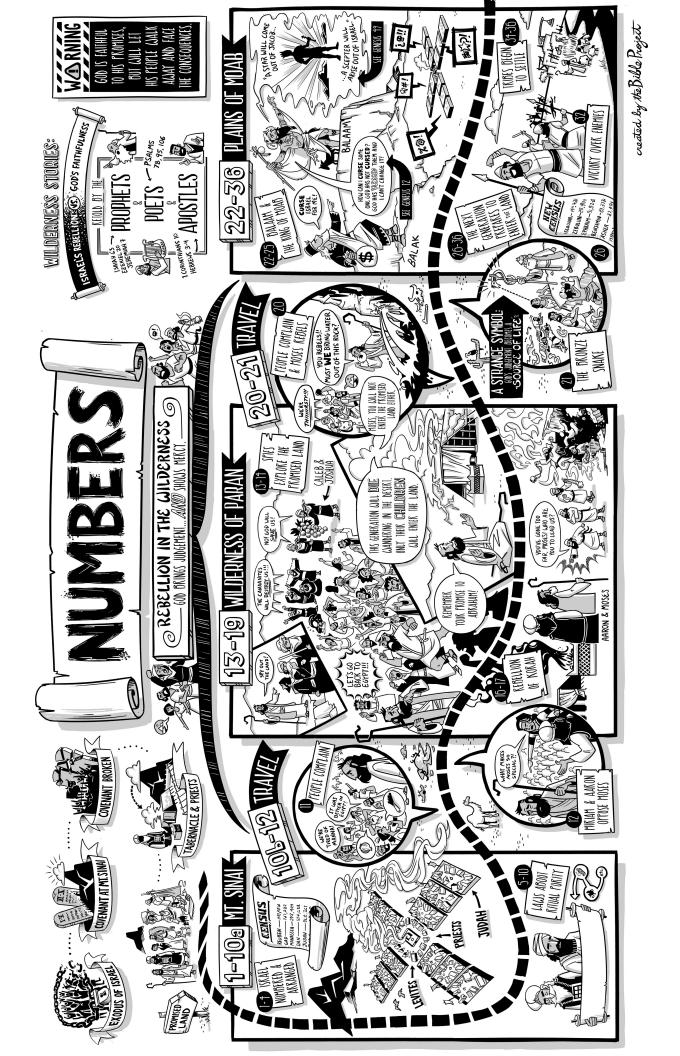
Unless you're a math nerd, studying a book called "Numbers" probably sounds pretty boring. But since God wrote this book, and since it fits into the larger picture of Scripture leading to Jesus, it is anything but boring! Just as the Israelites confront difficult choices (trust God's promises or not?) in a difficult place (the wilderness), we face the same issues in a modern-day context. As Paul said in Romans 15.4: "Whatever was written in former days was written for our instruction, that through endurance and through the encouragement of the Scriptures we might have hope."

Important Notes about the Book:

- Its Name. The name "Numbers" probably comes from the two recorded censuses (chs. 1-4, 26). However, in the Hebrew Bible the name of the book is "In the Wilderness" which better captures its essence.
- Its Composition. Numbers is an interesting combination of narrative and law code. What appears at first like a random grab bag is actually a strategic testament to God's faithful love. For example, right after the disastrous chapters of 13-14, God begins chapter 15 by saying "When you come into the land you are to inhabit..." Even after the rebellious first generation refused to go into the land, God is still reaffirming His commitment to fulfill His promises.
- Its Organization. Numbers is based on three big story cycles: when the Israelites were at Mt. Sinai (Chapters 1-10), at Kadesh-Barnea in the Wilderness of Paran (13-19), and at the Plains of Moab (22-36). Two short travel logs fill in the cracks (10-12, 20-21). This pattern is similar to Genesis, which can be roughly summed up by the three major cycles of Abraham, Jacob, and Joseph, each introduced by the formula: "These are the generations of..." (Gen. 11.27, 25.19, 37.2). Also, Deuteronomy is based on three long speeches by Moses (Deut. 1-4, 5-28, 29-30).
- Its Timeline. God speeds up and slows down the account to concentrate on what He considers important. Chapters 1-10 happen during a twenty day timespan, from the census to the Israelite departure from Sinai. Chapters 10-13 occur within about three months, from Sinai to Kadesh. Chapters 14-19 cover 38 years, all the years of wandering! Chapters 20-36 cover eleven months, from leaving Kadesh (the second time) to the beginning of Deuteronomy. See pg. 3 for more details.
- Its Message: Trust that God is faithful to His promises. Numbers 14.7-9.

What to Look for:

- **The character of God**. Yahweh defines Himself in Exodus 34.6-7. He is "a God merciful and gracious, slow to anger, and abounding in steadfast love and faithfulness, keeping steadfast love for thousands, forgiving iniquity and transgression and sin, but who will by no means clear the guilty, visiting the iniquity of the fathers on the children and children's children, to the third and the fourth generation." How is that character demonstrated in the book of Numbers?
- God's promises to Abraham. God began to pledge Himself to Abraham in Genesis 12.1-7. Those promises became the fixed points on the roadmap of Israel's history. How do we see those promises in the background of Numbers?
- The faithlessness of God's people. We will read about division, idolatry, and rebellion even on the part of the Israelite leaders. What caused it to happen? What warnings are here for us, both as a church and as individuals?
- The need for Jesus. How will Jesus' work be greater than what Moses and Aaron accomplished? How is He a greater intercessor than the ones in this book? How does the book as a whole point towards His sacrifice?



| Date | Event & Location | Scripture Reference |
|--------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|
| 1st year, 1st month, 14th day | First Passover (in Egypt) | Exodus 12.18 |
| 1st year, 1st month, 15th day | Exodus from Egypt | Exodus 12.2, 18 Numbers 33.3 |
| 1st year, 3rd month, 15th day | Arrival at Mount Sinai | Exodus 19.1 |
| 2nd year, 1st month, 1st day | Tabernacle erected | Exodus 40.2 |
| 2nd year, 1st month, 8th day | Ordination of priests completed | Leviticus 9.1 |
| 2nd year, 1st month, 12th day | Dedication offerings for altar end | Numbers 7.78 |
| 2nd year, 1st month, 14th day | Second Passover since Exodus | Numbers 9.5 |
| 2nd year, 2nd month, 1st day | First census commanded | Numbers 1.1 |
| 2nd year, 2nd month, 14th day | Delayed Passover | Numbers 9.11 |
| 2nd year, 2nd month, 20th day | Departure from Mount Sinai | Numbers 10.11 |
| 2nd year, 5th month | First generation arrives at Kadesh* Spies sent out to Canaan | Numbers 13.20, 26 |
| 40th year, 1st month | Second generation arrives at Kadesh | Numbers 20.1 |
| 40th year, 5th month, 1st day | Aaron dies on Mount Hor | Numbers 33.38 |
| 40th year, 11th month, 1st day | Moses speaks at plains of Moab† | Deuteronomy 1.1-3 |
| 41st year, 1st month, 10th day | Israelites enter Canaan | Joshua 4.19 |

* Israel wandered in the wilderness for 38 years from the time they first left Kadesh until the men of war died and Israel crossed the Zered brook (Deut. 2.14). 40 years in total (Deut. 2.7).

† It's an 11 day journey from Mt. Sinai to Kadesh (Deut. 1.2). A short journey turned into 40 years!

Outline of Numbers

- Mt. Sinai (1-10a)
 - Israel is numbered and arranged (1-4)
 - Warriors are counted, except for Levites (1)
 - The camp layout is given (2)
 - Levites are counted and given specific jobs (3-4)
 - Ritual purity laws (5-10)
 - Cleansing the people who live in God's camp (5-6)
 - The tabernacle and Levites are consecrated (7-8)
 - Passover is celebrated, God lives with His people and directs their movements (9)
 - The silver trumpets are made to direct the people (10a)
- Travel (10b-12)
 - Israel leaves Mt. Sinai (10b)
 - The people complain & Moses gets some help (11)
 - Division between Moses and his siblings (12)
- Wilderness of Paran (13-19)
 - The spies are sent out, come back with bad report, the people rebel (13-14)
 - Laws about future sacrifices, different kinds of sins, Sabbath-breaker, tassels (15)
 - Rebellion of Korah, Dathan, Abiram; Aaron's staff buds (16-17)
 - Laws about the duties and privileges of the priests and Levites (18)
 - Laws about cleansing from death (19)
- Travel (20-21)
 - Yikes: Miriam and Aaron die, people complain and Moses cracks, Edom refuses Israel (20)
 - Success in battle against Arad, Amorites, and Bashan; people complain, bronze serpent (21) Plains of Moab (22-36)
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 - God protects Israel from Balaam and Balak (22-24)
 - Israel abandons God for Baal worship! (25)
 - Census for the new generation (26)
 - Laws about life in the land (27-30)
 - Daughters of Zelophehad, Joshua appointed to succeed Moses (27)
 - Laws about offerings: both for regular occasions and special feast days (28-29)
 - Laws about vowing (30)
 - Midianites are attacked for seducing Israel (31)
 - Two tribes do not want to cross over the Jordan (32)
 - Israel's journey from Egypt to Canaan is documented; command to drive out Canaanites (33)
 - Laws about life in the land (34-36)
 - Land boundaries and tribal chiefs who would divide the land (34)
 - Levite cities & cities of refuge (35)
 - Daughters of Zelophehad (36)